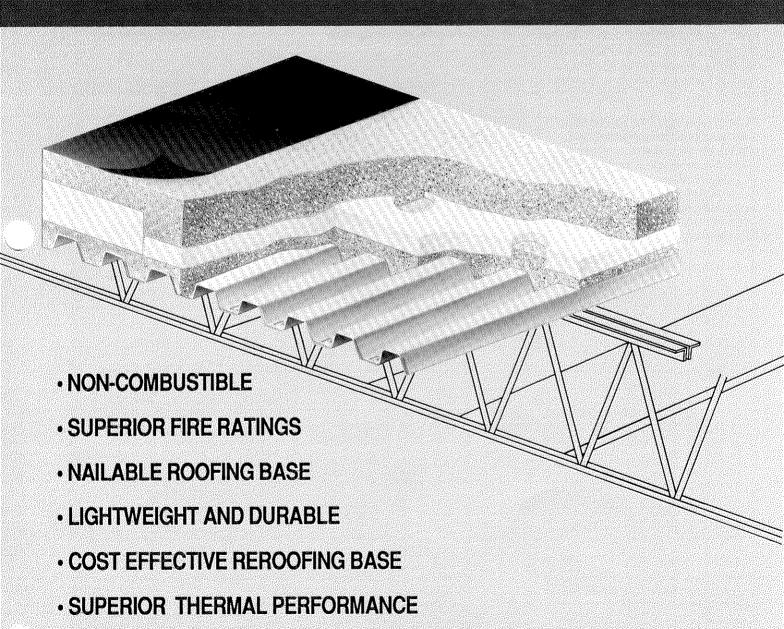
PERLE INSULATING CONCRETE ROOFDECKS



· SMOOTH, SLOPE -TO -DRAIN SURFACE

MEETS FM AND U.L. WIND UPLIFT CRITERIA

Perlite

INSULATING CONCRETE ROOF DECKS

Description, Properties, Benefits

ROOF INSULATION

Perlite concrete roof deck insulation is an ideal base for built-up and single ply roofing systems. It has superior wind and fire resistance over other roof insulation materials and with the addition of polystyrene insulation board sandwiched in the perlite concrete, high thermal resistance values, are economically achieved.

Positive drainage is easily accomplished by varying the thickness of perlite concrete or by stair stepping different thicknesses of polystyrene insulation board and then covering it with a uniform layer of perlite concrete.

Perlite concrete insulation may be placed over vented or slotted galvanized steel decking, precast or poured-in-place concrete, or existing roofing materials providing a seamless, smooth, and hard surface ready for roofing. If exposed to water it will not deteriorate.

REROOFING BASE

Perlite concrete insulation is ideally suited

for reroofing applications. It provides permanent, cost effective, slope-to-drain designs with high R values over flat and often irregular substrates found in reroofing projects. Using a perlite concrete slurry coat the polystyrene insulation board is positively attached to the substrate and covered with a uniform layer of perlite concrete insulation. If the existing substrate is sound and capable of the additional loading required then the perlite concrete insulation can be applied to the existing roof thereby eliminating costly tearoffs.

TESTING AND APPROVALS

Perlite roof deck insulation systems have been tested and approved for wind and fire ratings by Underwriters Laboratories, Factory Mutual, and other code authorities. The system is rated as non-combustible by Factory Mutual. U.L. Design P-920 successfully achieved the first 2 hour rating for any system of this kind under full scale fire conditions. Perlite concrete roof decks with polystyrene insulation board meet the criteria for U.L. Class 90 and FM I-90 wind resistance.

TABLE 1 - CONVERSION FACTORS 1-P/SI UNITS						
TO CONVERT FRO	OM TO	MULTIPLY BY				
lb/ft²	kg/m²	4.882				
lb/ft³	kg/m³	16.02				
lb/in ²	bar	0.068947				
inch	meter (m)	0.0254				
ft³	meter ³ (m ³)	0.02832				
ft²	meter ² (m ²)	0.0929				
°F•ft²h/Btu•in (R)	kelvin meter per watt (°K•m/W)	6.929				
Btu•in/h•ft20F(U)	watt per meter kelvin (W/m•°K)	0.144				
gallons	liters	3.785				

2 in, of Perlite Concrete Over Polystyrene Thickness, In.	DEPTH OF CORRUGATIONS								STRUCTURAL			
	26 ga. 15/16 inch			24 ga. 1-5/16 inch		22 ga. 1-1/2 inch			CONCRETE, 4 in.			
	$\mathbf{R}^{(1)}$	U ⁽²⁾	D.L. ⁽³⁾	R _(I)	U ⁽²⁾	D.L. ⁽³⁾	R ⁽¹⁾	U ⁽²⁾	D.L. ⁽³⁾	R ^(t)	U ⁽²⁾	D.L. ⁽³⁾
0	3.9	.187	5.87	4.1	.177	6.65	4.1	.180	6.85	3.1	.216	4.00
1	7.9	.106	6.20	8.2	.103	6.98	8.1	.104	7.18	7.2	.115	4.33
2	11.7	.075	6.28	12.0	.074	7.06	12.0	.074	7.26	11.0	.080	4.41
3	15.6	.058	6.36	15.9	.058	7.14	15.8	.058	7.34	14.9	.061	4,49
4	19.4	.048	6.44	19.7	.047	7.22	19.7	.047	7.42	18.7	.049	4.57
5	23.3	.040	6.52	23.6	.040	7.30	23.5	.040	7.50	22.6	.042	4.65
6	27.1	.035	6.60	27.4	.035	7.38	27.4	.035	7.58	26.4	.036	4.73

NOTES:

- 1. R values expressed as °F•ft2h/Btu.
- 2. U factors expressed as Btu/h•ft²°F. Includes air films and roofing.
- Dead loads include weight of metal, polystyrene and perlite concrete roof insulation. Dead loads of structural concrete not included.
- 4. Insulation values are for summer conditions, heat flow down. To calculate winter conditions, heat flow up, subtract 0.39 from the R value, then add 1.5 for air films and roofing, and divide into 1

for the U value.

- 5. U factors are based on series-parallel heat flow calculations defined in the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals and on test data by recognized, independent test laboratories. Thermal conductivities of roof deck components are based on 40°F mean temperature except perlite concrete which is based on 75°F.
- 6. Perlite concrete properties are based on constant thickness insulation. For sloped insulation, calcu-

late average thickness.

7. The U factors shown are calculations based on thermal conductivity data derived from laboratory testing of dry materials in accordance with ASTM Specification C 177. The values shown are intended only as guidelines. Actual insulation performance for all materials and systems is affected by design of building, environment and installation and will be lower than calculated values.

Perlite Insulating Conclusions Physical Properties/Calculations

INSULATING CONCRETE ROOF DECKS

CODE APPROVALS AND **GUIDE REFERENCES**

- · International Conference of Build ing Officials (ICBO)
- · Building Officials Conference of America (BOCA)
- · Southern Building Code Congress (SBCC)
- · South Florida Building Code
- · Federal Construction Guide Specification FCGS 03501
- · U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

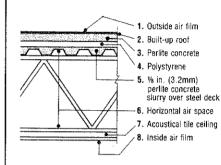
Guide Specifications: CEGS 03510

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

- FM I-90 Wind Uplift
- FM Serial Report No. OC2AO-AC
- · U.L. Wind Uplift Construction No. 143
- · U.L. Wind Uplift Construction No. 250
- U.L. Fire Rated Designs

TABLE 5- CALCULATIONS FOR R. AND U-FACTOR

EXAMPLE: 2 in. (51mm) of 27 lb/ft3 (432 kg/m3) perlite concrete fill and 1 in. (25mm) polystyrene insulation board placed over 26 gauge steel form with acoustical tile ceiling.



	R Values* Heat Flow Down (Summer)	R Values* Heat Flow Up (Winter)
1	0.25	0.17
2	0.33	0.33
3	3.13	3.13
4	3.85	3.85
5	0.93	0.93
6	1.23	0.85
7	1.79	1.79
8	0.92	0.61
Rt	12.43	11.66
U	0.087	0.09

U-Factor = 1/Rt

*R values expressed in Btu/h•ft2•°F units

P405	3 hours	P902	2 hours	P923	2 hours
P406	3 hours	P905	2 hours	P231	1-1/2 hours
P215	2 hours	P907	2 hours	P513	1-1/2 hours
P241	2 hours	P908	2 hours	P919	1-1/2 hours
P251	2 hours	P910	2 hours	P214	l hour
P407	2 hours	P913	2 hours	P216	1 hour
P410	2 hours	P916	2 hours	P246	1 hour
P708	2 hours	P920	2 hours	P509	1 hour
P810	2 hours	P921	2 hours	P511	1 hour
P812	2 hours	P922	2 hours	P678	1 hour
医多类的医多数				P903	l hour

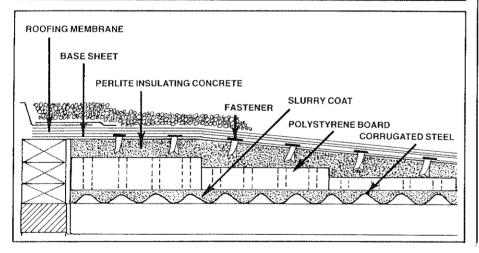


TABLE 4-TYPICAL PHYSICAL PROPERTIES "AND MIX PROPORTIONS FOR PERLIT E CONCRETE

141413313134343	TYPICAI	TYPICAL MIX PROPORTIONS					
CEMENT TO AGGREGATE RATIO (BY VOLUME)	DRY DENSITY RANGE Ib/ft³	MINIM UM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH lb/in ²	WET DENSITY RANGE Ib/ft ³	CEMENT ft ³	PERLITE ft ⁹	WATER gallons	AEA †
1;4 1:6	36-42 24-30	300 125	48-56 38-44	6.75 4.5	27 27	61 54	†

^{*} Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory and R.W. Hunt Co. Engineers.

^{**} All values based on 28 day test results.

[†] Consult perlite manufacturer for recommended type and proportioning of air entraining agent

Perlite Guide Specification

INSULATING CONCRETE ROOFDECKS

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 Scope

An applicator, approved by a perlite manufacturer, shall furnish all labor, materials and equipment for installing the perlite concrete roof insulation and metal decking (where applicable) in accordance with these specifications.

1.02 Work by Others

All framings for openings, edge angles, pitch pans, wood nailers, structural expansion joints, vented flashings and stack vents shall be furnished and installed by others.

1.03 Inspection

The applicator shall be responsible for inspection and acceptance of the substrate as being suitable to receive the perlite concrete roof insulation system.

2.00 PRODUCTS

2.01 Materials

A. Perlite: shall conform to ASTM C 332 Group 1.

B. Portland Cement: shall conform to ASTM C 150 Type I, II or III. C. Water: shall be clean and free of

deleterious substances.

D. Air Entraining Agent: Neutralized vinsol resin or other air entraining agent as recommended by the perlite manufacturer. E. Polystyrene: shall be one pound per cubic foot minimum density, conforming to ASTM C578 and include keying holes of approximately 3% of the gross area. F. Metal Deck (when applicable): shall be galvanized, ASTM A 525, G60 minimum, and may have vented side laps or slots. The deck shall be _____type: __

G. Reinforcing Mesh (only required on some fire rated systems): shall be Keydeck style 2160-2-1619, or approved other.

2.02 Physical Properties

Standard Mix

A. Cement to Aggregate Ratio (By	
Volume)1:	:6
B. Min. Compressive Strength125 p	si
C. Density at Placement38-44 pc	f
D. Oven Dry Density24-30 px	f
See Table 4 for other properties.	

3.00 EXECUTION

3.01 Installation

A. The perlite concrete roof insulation shall be installed by a properly equipped and trained applicator approved by the perlite manufacturer. The perlite concrete shall be screeded to a surface suitable for application of the roofing. Thickness of perlite concrete shall be as shown on the drawings. (Note: 2 inch minimum thickness recommended for 1:6 mix, 1-1/2 inch minimum for 1:4 mix.)

B. Polystyrene boards shall be placed in a 1/8 inch minimum slurry coat and covered with a top layer of perlite concrete as soon as practical.

C. Metal deck (where applicable) shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and local building codes.

D. Reinforcing Mesh (in some fire rated assemblies) shall be placed at right angles to structural supports with 6 inch side laps. E. Expansion Joints. Perlite concrete roofdecks require only those expansion joints normally used for sound building design, such as where there is a change in direction of decking on independent structural roof members. In all cases, expansion joints are to be through the entire roofdeck/roof assembly.

4.00 NOTES TO THE SPECIFIER

4.01 Design for Slope

A minimum slope of 1/8 inch per foot is recommended for proper drainage and maximum roofing performance. Sloping the perlite concrete roof insulation system is most economically accomplished by stair stepping the polystyrene boards in 1

inch increments. Indicate the high and low point elevations desired on the roof plan.

4.02 Seismic or Diaphragm Design

When the roof deck is designed as a diaphragm, consult the metal deck manufacturer or the Steel Deck Institute Diaphragm Design Manual regarding welding patterns and other design criteria.

4.03 Admixtures

Calcium chloride or any admix containing chloride salts shall not be used in perlite concrete roof insulation systems. Use only admixtures recommended by the perlite manufacturer.

4.04 Roofing

A. Consult built-up roofing or single-ply manufacturers for their specific recommendations and specifications for roofing over perlite concrete roof insulation.

B. Over non-vented substrates, provisions for venting must be made at perimeter flashing or with the use of stack vents. For details contact the perlite manufacturer. C. Nail holding power of perlite concrete roof insulation is a prime criteria. Type of nail to be used is the prerogative of the roofing manufacturer. However, a minimum nail holding power of 40 pounds per fastener is recommended.

D. Perlite concrete roof insulation may be roofed within 48-72 hours from time of placement if it is sufficiently dry and can support workmen without causing surface damage.

4.05 Reroofing (when applicable)

Existing roof insulation should be inspected for soundness and moisture content. Pay particular care to the support structure of the building to determine it is capable of safely supporting new roof loads. All loose gravel and dirt shall be swept off the existing roof. For maximum roofing performance, it is recommended that positive drainage be provided by stair stepping polystyrene board.



Perlite Institute Inc.